NEWSLETTER

FEBRUARY, 2025

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Welcome Message from desk of Dean



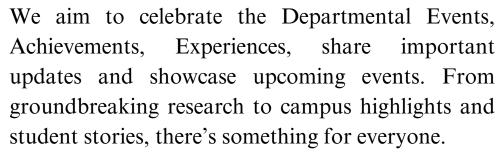
It is a privilege to introduce the Newsletter of IEM's International Institute of Juridical Sciences (Department of Law) University of Engineering and Management, Kolkata (February 2025) of the newsletter delves upon the events and achievements of the department as a whole. This tenure has been very engaging in terms of work done for the benefit of society at large through organising a series of Distinguished Lectures and an awareness campaign on the harmful effects of drug abuse. A set of research papers from students and faculty members of IIIJS, UEMK not only explores the nuances of legal complication AI creates during its interaction in different domains, but they are also working on the sustainable goals in different domains. I thank all the faculty members and the students for their contribution in the events organized by IIIJS. The newsletter also focuses on the different achievements and participation of the faculties throughout this session enhancing overall development of the department.

My heartfelt thanks to Hon'ble Chancellor, Pro-Chancellor and Vice Chancellor for their unfettered support and encouragement to take the department to greater heights.

Message from Editorial Board

Welcome to the FEBRUARY 2025 edition of IEM's INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF JURIDICAL SCIENCES (DEPARTMENT OF LAW, UEMK) Newsletter!

We, the team of 6 members (2 Faculties and 4 Obedient Musketeers) are thrilled to have everyone as a part of our vibrant academic journey for the month of February 2025. This issue is crafted to keep the students and the faculties informed, inspired, and connected.



This Departmental journey and strides shape our University, and we're here to document and share it with pride.

Stay tuned, stay involved, and let's make this a space for collaboration and celebration!



Prof. (Dr.) Alice Dey



Prof. Aritra Jana



Esha Singh



Aaman Ahmad



Ojoswini Basu Ray



Ishita Das

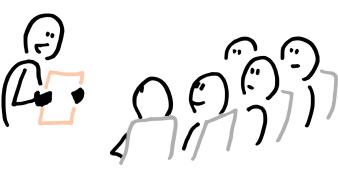
Distinguished Lecture Series

1.PROF. DR. SADHAN KUMAR DEY

Date: 28 February 2025

Topic: BUSINESS COMMUNICATION IN LAW AND MANAGEMENT













Major Events

DeNovo Advocare 1.1, IIIJS Moot Court Competition

Time: Preliminary Rounds and Semi Final Rounds: 15th and 17th Februar 2025



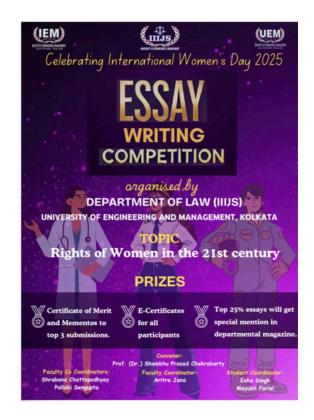


ESSAY WRITING COMPETITION

Time: 15th February, 2025

Topic: Rights of Women in

the 21st century



Major Events



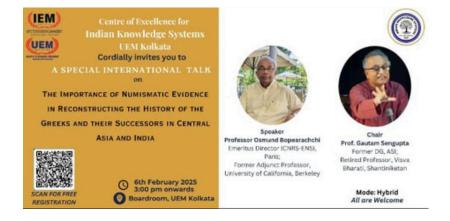


Time: 6 February 2025



MENTAL HEALTH CHALLENGES WITH FOCUS ON SUICIDE

Time: 7 February 2025



THE IMPORTANCE OF NUMISMATIC EVIDENCE IN RECONSTRUCTING THE HISTORY OF THE GREEKS AND THEIR SUCCESSORS IN CENTRAL ASIA AND INDIA

Time: 7 February 2025

A Glimpse into the

6th International Ethical Hacking Conference (eHaCON)

Date: 20th and 21st of February 2025

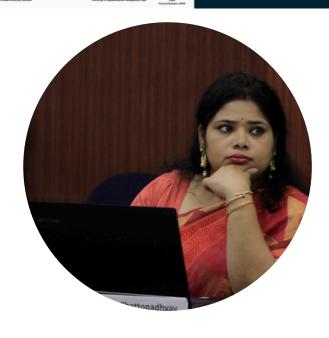












"Stop deepfake for sake"

SWASTIKA PAUL BBA-LLB 2024

What is DEEPFAKE? This has been a major issue since the proactive use of AI. This has been growing like crazy. This has been much prevalent since 2024; last year. People use this, to create convincing fake videos, images, or audio. They manipulate existing media to replace a person's likeness with another, or to fabricate events. This technology raises concerns about misinformation and misuse.

People crop out famous celebrities image and make new images on pasting on some other body; basically to promote pornography and earn through that. This happened to Rashmika Mandana, Indian actress. She is rich she could defend herself but what about ones who are not quite influential.





This is the sad reality of our society. People take videos and images of girls. Then they morph their videos into vulgar photos and videos and post them into pornographic sites. Those who does this, then blackmail girls to wire money out of them and until they approach the cyber cell nothing gets deleted. Recently, same happened to a YouTube channel,

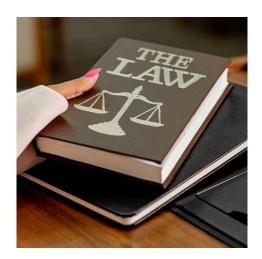
which is run by a boy and girl. They make subtle roast videos and basically point out what's going on in a society through comedy. One of the youtubers who got roasted felt offended for no reason (he promotes hooliganism). His fandom made deepfake pictures of the girl only and uploaded them on Deepfakes present social media. complex vigilance, challenge, requiring technological solutions, and ethical considerations to mitigate their potential for misuse and harm.

"A step back for marital rape laws"



SHAGUN RAJPUT BBA-LLB 2024





In a controversial ruling, the Chhattisgarh High Court recently acquitted a man accused of unnatural sexual intercourse causing death to his wife. In this case, the victim, in a dying declaration made in 2017, accused her husband of having had forced unnatural sex with her, which had given her severe pain and led to her death. The trial court had initially convicted the husband for rape, unnatural offences, and culpable homicide, sentencing him to ten years of imprisonment.

However, the Chhattisgarh High Court, in its ruling, quashed the judgement, observing that no husband could be prosecuted for marital rape, as the Indian law stood. Justice Narendra Kumar Vyas, in the course of his ruling, argued that it was difficult to conceive of rape because Section 375 of the IPC defines a crime that cannot be confined within the four corners of marital intercourse by the husband with the wife if all elements sought in each definition of rape in IPC do not get fulfilled. Besides, according to the judge, the dying declaration of the victim was not trustworthy due to the lack of corroboration and doubts about its veracity.

This judgment raises major issues as to the legitimacy of marital rights and sexual consent in India. Marital rape in India is as it stands, not greeted with any punishment; this order has further curtailed the margin for prosecuting unnatural sex within marriage. The ruling highlights the need for reforms in laws regarding a sexual offence in marital relationships.

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"The story of indomitable Shivaji"

ARGHA SAR BBA-LLB 2024

Shivaji, the indomitable 17th-century king of the Deccan, was born to Shahji Bhosle and Jija Bai of the Bhosle clan. Determined to establish an independent Maratha kingdom, he rose to prominence after the Mughal invasion of 1657 receded. As Bijapur regained stability, its ruler sent the formidable general Afzal Khan with 10,000 cavalry to capture or kill Shivaji.

Afzal Khan, aware of Shivaji's growing power after his conquest of Javli, devised Pretending treacherous plan. promised friendship, he to Shivaji's pardon from Adil Shah in exchange for allegiance. Sensing deception, Shivaji cautiously agreed to a meeting, sending his envoy Gopinath Pant to gather intelligence. Gopinath confirmed that Afzal Khan intended to arrest or assassinate him.



However, Shivaji, forewarned by his envoy Gopinath Pant, arrived prepared, concealing steel claws (baghnakh) and a dagger (bichwa). As Afzal Khan attempted to stab him, Shivaji swiftly retaliated, fatally wounding him. His bodyguard, Sayyed Banda, attacked but was slain by Jiva Mahala. Afzal Khan was pursued and beheaded.

Shivaji signaled his troops, who ambushed Afzal Khan's army, killing 3,000 soldiers and capturing immense booty, including artillery, transport animals, and wealth. This victory in September 1659 led to the conquest of South Konkan and Kolhapur, marking a turning point in Maratha resistance. Shivaji's strategic brilliance and valor cemented his legacy as a legendary warrior, inspiring generations to come.

Lawyers Pan India, criticizing "The Advocate (Amendment) Bill, 2025"-The reason behind it.

KAUSTAV BHATTACHARYA BBA-LLB 2022



On 13th February, 2025, a draft bill was made available for public feedback on the website of The Department of Legal Affairs, Government of India. This bill was referred to as "The Advocate (Ammendment) Bill, 2025." Through this bill, Government's main intention was to substitute and insert new legal provisions in the old and acting legislation, The Advocates Act, 1961, for the betterment of legal practitioners and its stakeholders.

Bar council of India(BCI) had welcomed its introduction by stating, "the proactive stance of the government." However, there were certain sections mentioned in this bill which angered a large sections of advocates. Later, their anger turned into premature protests and strikes all over India. Tamil Nadu Chief Minister, Mr. MK Stalin had called this bill "a direct assault on the autonomy of the legal profession" (Economic Times newspaper dated 24th February, 2025). Therefore, it becomes very important to address the problems present in this bill from the perspective of advocates as they are the main subject of it.

The advocates had questioned the following provisions of this bill:

- 1. Section 35A- "Prohibition on the boycotts or abstention from courts' work"
- 2. Section 45B- "If any person suffers loss either caused deliberately or by misconduct of the advocate, then, such person may make a complaint of misconduct against the advocate under appropriate regulations as may be prescribed by Bar Council of India for deciding the liability of the advocate."
- 3. Section 48B- "Power to give directions. —(1) For the proper and efficient discharge of the functions of a State Bar Council or any committee thereof, the Bar Council of India may, in the exercise of its powers of general supervision and control, give such directions to the State Bar Council or any committee thereof as may appear to it to be necessary, and the State Bar Council or the committee shall comply with such directions.
- 4. Section 49B- Power of the Central Government in giving directions to the Bar Council of india(BCI) when necessary for the execution of this Bill.
- 5. Lastly, Government could nominate upto three members in The Bar Council of India(BCI), which was not possible as per old legislation where BCI members were elected throughvoting system.

This bill had also addressed certain favourable aspects for corporate lawyers and Indian Judiciary as a whole:

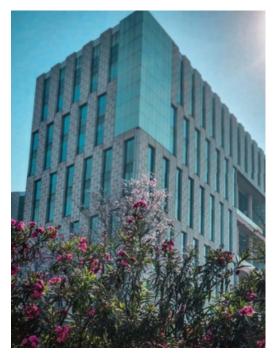
- 1. Legal Practitoners to include corporate lawyers
- 2. Mandatory Bar Association registration for all Legal Practitioners.

As per a recent notification from the Ministry of Law and Justice dated 22/02/2025, the Ministry has withdrawn the bill and has concluded the consultation process for now. It also stated that," based on the feedback received, the draft Bill as revised will be processed afresh for consultation with stakeholders."









Santanu Mondal - BBA LL.B. 2023







Santanu Mondal - BBA LL.B. 2023



Somsourjo Roy - BBA LL.B. 2021

Student Achievements



1. BBA. LL.B. BATCH 2024 Muskan Sultana

 Participated successfully in the Session on "From Script to Screen: The Legal Blueprint for Film Making"

2. BBA. LL.B. BATCH 2024 Sristita Ghosh

 Has successfully completed an One-Day Advanced Course on Civil, Criminal and Matrimonial Law

3. BBA. LL.B. BATCH 2024 Ishita Das

 Participated in the "Monthly Lecture Series VI & VII" organised by the CoE for Indian Knowledge System, UEMK

Student Achievements



BBA. LL.B. BATCH 2024 Esha Singh



BBA. LL.B. BATCH 2024 Esha Singh



BBA. LL.B. BATCH 2024 Aritra Mahara



BBA. LL.B. BATCH 2024 Aritra Mahara

4. BBA. LL.B. BATCH 2024 Esha Singh

 Participated successfully in a workshop on "Research Publication and Use of Chat GPT to enhance Research" by Jus Corpus

 Participated successfully in the Session on "From Script to Screen: The Legal Blueprint for Film Making"

5. BBA. LL.B. BATCH 2024 Aritra Mahara

 Participated successfully in a workshop on "Research Publication and Use of Chat GPT to enhance Research" by Jus Corpus

 Participated successfully in the Session on "From Script to Screen: The Legal Blueprint for Film Making"

Faculty Strides

Prof. Shrabana Chattopadhyay

1. Attended and presented a paper titled "Mental Health of Women Prisoners – A Sociuo-legal Introspection" at the Two Days National Conference on the Right to Mental Health with special focus on North-East India, held on 15th – 16th February, 2025, organized by Sister Nivedita University, Kolkata in collaboration with National Human Rights Commission, New Delhi.

2.Successfully Completed the Trainers' Training Certification Course on POSH ACT, 2013 (Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013) Compliances, organized by the Kalinga University, in association with the Indian National Bar Association, New Delhi and achieved an A++ grade for demonstrating a high level of expertise and commitment to the principles of workplace safety, gender equality, and compliance with the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.



Prof. Shrabana Chattopadhyay

Prof. Abhishake Roy

Presented Paper Title - 'Assignment Of Liability Foir Ai & Iot Decisions': A Comparative Analysis Between Strict And Shared Liability As A Regulatory Framework in eHaCON 2025

Prof. Aritra Jana

Successfully completed "POSH Awareness" MDP Programme, held on 28th February, 2025 by IEM-UEM Group



Prof. Aritra Jana





Dr. Prof. Satyajit Chakrabarti (Jul 12, 1947 - Dec 19, 2024)

-- Chancellor -IEM - UEM GROUP
CELEBRATING HIS LIFE
AND ACCOMPLISHMENT